

## RESEARCH ARTICLE

# Low-concentration GOQD-functionalized Ti6Al4V scaffolds enhance osteogenesis and angiogenesis for vascularized bone regeneration

**Supplementary file**
**Table S1. Primer sequences for RT-PCR analysis of gene expression in BMSCs**

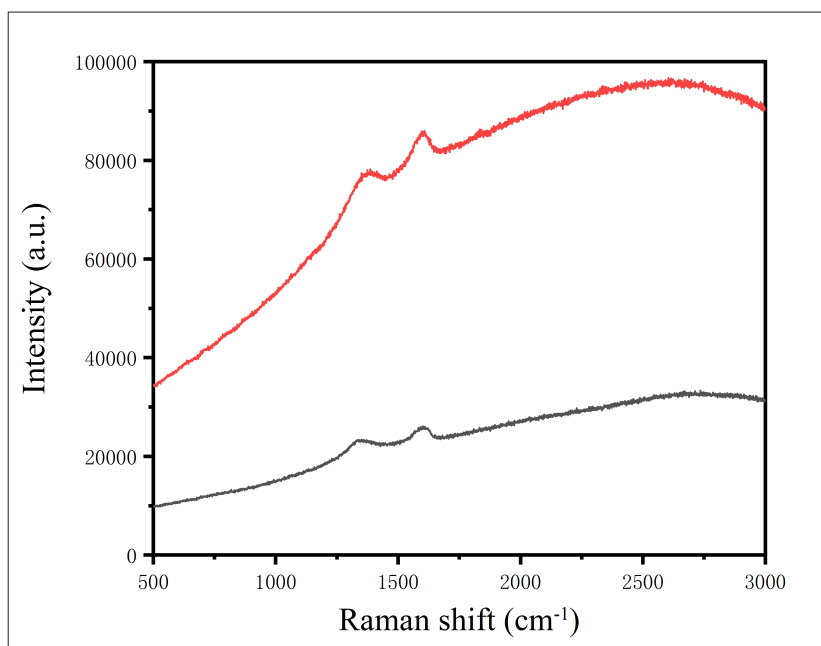
Gene	Primer	Primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>Bmp2</i>	Forward	CTCAGAACACAAGTCAGT
	Reverse	ACCTGCTAATCCTCACAT
<i>Ocn</i>	Forward	CTCACTCTGCTGGCCCTGAC
	Reverse	CACCTTACTGCCCTCCTGCTTG
<i>Runx2</i>	Forward	TACTTCGTCAGCATCCTA
	Reverse	CGTCAACACCATCATTCT
<i>Ctnnb1</i>	Forward	GGACAAGCCACAGGAT TAC
	Reverse	CAGTCTCATTCCAAGCCATT
<i>Gapdh</i>	Forward	AACCTGCCAAGTATGATGA
	Reverse	GGAGTTGCTGTTGAAGTC

Abbreviations: BMSCs, bone marrow mesenchymal stem cell; RT-PCR, real time-polymerase chain reaction.

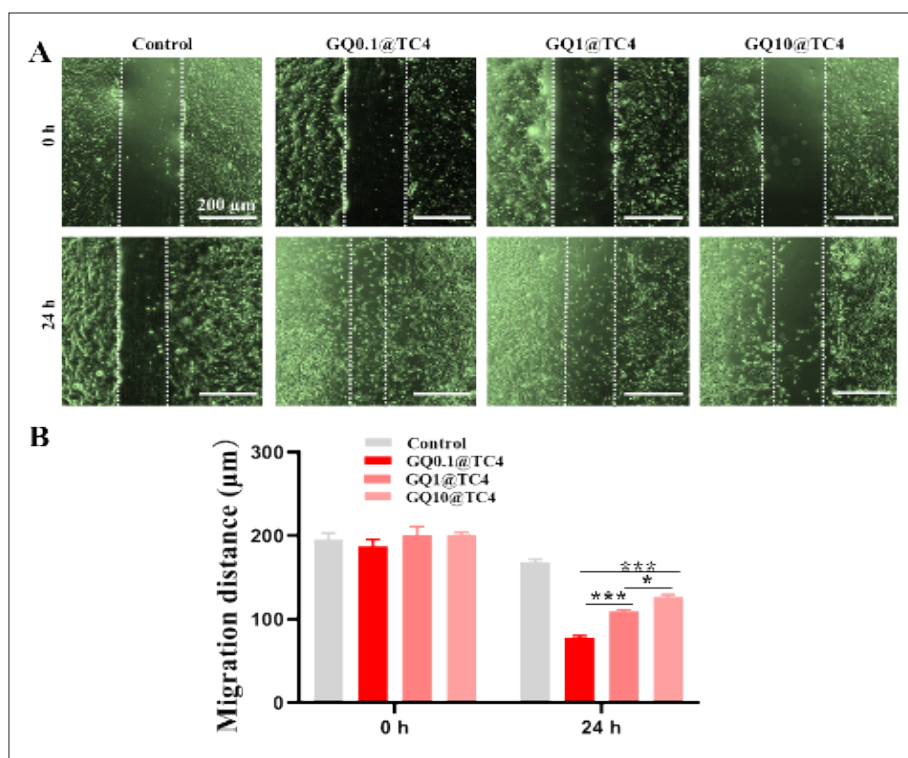
**Table S2. Primer sequences for RT-PCR analysis of gene expression in HUVECs**

Gene	Primer	Primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>VEGF</i>	Forward	GAGGAGCAGTTACGGTCTGTG
	Reverse	TCCTTTCCTTAGCTGACACTTGT
<i>HIF1A</i>	Forward	TTCCCGACTAGGCCATTC
	Reverse	CAGGTATTCAAGGTCCCATTTC
<i>GAPDH</i>	Forward	AACCTGCCAAGTATGATGA
	Reverse	GGAGTTGCTGTTGAAGTC

Abbreviations: HUVECs, human umbilical vein endothelial cells; RT-PCR, real time-polymerase chain reaction.



**Figure S1.** Raman spectra of GQ0.1@TC4 scaffolds before and after immersion in culture medium. The red line represents the Raman spectrum of the GQ0.1@TC4 scaffold before immersion, while the black line corresponds to the scaffold after immersion in complete culture medium for 2 weeks.



**Figure S2.** Effects of GOQD-modified biomimetic scaffold extracts on HMSC proliferation and angiogenic capacity. (A) Fluorescence images of scratch assays displaying HMSCs migration at 0 and 24 h after treatment with the four scaffold extracts. (B) Quantitative bar graph of HUVEC migration distances.  $n = 3$ ; \* $p < 0.05$  and \*\*\* $p < 0.001$ , compared to the control. Scale bars: 200  $\mu\text{m}$ . Abbreviations: HMSC, human mesenchymal stem cells; GOQD, graphite oxide quantum dots; HUVEC, human umbilical vein endothelial cells.